QUALITY ALUMINUM BOAT LIFTS, INC.
INSTRUCTIONS

Dominator Lake Lift
Quality Aluminum Boat Lifts, INC.

Installation Instructions: Dominator Lake Lift

Thank you for your recent Boat Lift purchase, the installation of this lift is easier than others because of its lightweight aluminum design and simple operation. In the pages that follow we will take you step-by-step through the entire installation sequence, including the lifting of the boat. We encourage you to read this manual entirely before attempting the installation. Failure to do so could result in serious injury or death.

STEP ONE (1): SETTING OF LIFTS LEG(s) ASSEMBLY

1. Stand all FOUR (4) legs in the shape of a square.
2. Attach the K bracket to TWO (2) legs with drilled holes facing towards each other.(FIGURE 1 & 2)
3. Attach the straight leg brace to side of the legs in the third hold up from the bottom. (FIGURE 3 & 4)

4. Attach the rack brace. (FIGURE 5 & 6)
5. Carry the leg assembly to final location of install. This will allow the unit to be placed for leg adjustment and to check to assure that its level.
6. Place the top carrier units. The top carrier units will be placed in the same directions as the straight leg brace. (FIGURE 7 & 8)
STEP TWO (2): ATTACHING ALUMINUM CRADLE BEAMS

1. Locate the four (4) stainless steel cables pre-cut with swage and thimbles on one (1) end each of them that are located in the rigging kit.

2. Insert the taped end of the cable and thread through the return hole on top of the top carrier beam.

3. Pull cable through until the swage makes contact with carrier beam. Allow the cable to hang straight down into the water.

4. Bolt the thimble end of the cable using 1 ½” x ½” bolt, 1/2” flat washer, 5/8” flat washer, and lock nut.

5. Place lifter beams into position onto ladder scaffold at 90’angle to the carrier beams.
6. Pull cable through lifter beam, starting on inside and returning to the outside the cable travel. (FIGURE 9).

7. Thread the taped end of cable up between carrier beams and cable winder. Push taped end of cable through hole in the cable winder until cable comes out of pipe.

8. Clamp ends of cable with four (4) cable clamps provided in kit. The cable winder sleeve bolt closest to the end of the cable winder must be removed temporarily for cable clamp clearance.

**NOTE:**
1. The total length of the cable should allow for three full wraps of cable on the cable winder before carrier beam is carrying any load.

2. In order to assure good drainage from boat deck during storage of boat on lift. Clamp the bow cables 4” shorter than the stern cables. This will give you 2” of pitch for deck drainage.

3. After tightening clamps on cable you must now pull able clamp back through pipe until you hear or feel clamp pull tightly against inside of pipe. At this point, you can push loose ends back into cable winder.
NOTE: TOP MOUNT LIFTS DO NO USE ½” Spacer; Cables are a straight drop off of the cable winder. Clamp bow cables 2” Shorter than the stern cables for deck drainage.

STEP THREE (3): WINCH INSTALLATION

1. Slide the P.V.C adapter sleeve onto the drive shaft, place winch plate on shaft.

2. Fasten the winch to drive shaft with ½” x 3 ½” bolt and locknut included with the winch plate.

3. Fasten the winch plate to the top carrier beams using the ½” x 1 ½” bolts, spacer P.V.C., and hardware. (FIGURE 10)
4. Attach the motor to the winch plate using the hardware included with the winch for the two (2) top mounting holes.

5. The two (2) lower mounting holes use 5/16” x 1 ½” bolt, two (2) flat washers, one (1) lock washer and one (1) ½” nut. (FIGURE 10)

6. Install gear cover mounting plate together with two (2) flat washers and one (1) wing nut.

7. Install pulleys and v-belt; tension belt to obtain ¼” free play.

8. Tighten motor bolts.

**STEP FOUR (4): ATTACHMENT OF WOOD BUNKS TO CRADLE BEAMS**

1. With wiring complete, start winding cables on cable winder (FIGURE 9).

   **NOTE:** It is important to keep tension on lifter cable until weight of cradle beam keeps tension on cable for you. Allowing the beam to be placed in the water will tension the cables if the water is deep enough doing this will allow the cables to wind neat and tight.

2. Continue to wind the cables until cradle beams are at desired height for attaching bunk brackets and bunks.

3. Attach the aluminum angle brackets eight (8) four [4 sets], to the cradle beam with two (2) long stainless steel bolts. One (1) bolt sits on top of cradle beam, the other bolt rides under the cradle beam. (FIGURE 11)
**NOTE:** Confirm cradle beams are hanging freely and cable windings on cable winder are neat, tight to each other on the cable winder itself. Confirm beams are hanging freely, measure outside distance of cradle beams flanges (FIGURE 11) and transfer to inside bunk allowing for equal overhang past the beams. Confirm that the cradle beams do not shift when doing this operation. With bunk brackets attached to the cradle beams, lay bunk in position with mark at edge of beam flange. Drill four (4) 3/8” holes and install bunk bolts. Repeat this procedure for opposite end of bunk.

4. Attach wood bunks to the bunk brackets using proper length nuts, bolts and lock washers supplied. (FIGURE 11)

5. Guide post brackets; Slide galvanized weight pipes inside the guide post bracket. The 2” white P.V.C. Pipes slide over outside of guide post bracket and weight pipe.

6. Attach cobers to lift by fitting the cover over mounting pins and tightening the wing nuts. Lubricate drive plate and motor housings with a rust preventative lubricating such as corrosion block.

**FITTING BOAT TO LIFT:**

1. Bunk Adjustment: loosen the eight (8) bunk brackets (FIGURE 12). Mark center line port to starboard on both cradle beams. The bunk spread varies; for boats up to 9,000lbs. (26’ to 28’ range). Spread bunks 32” apart; 16’ from center lines on cradle beams.

2. Adjust guide post brackets (FIGURE 12) to beam of boat and tighten. Use same centerline on cradle beam as before.

3. Place boat into position for lifting. Guide poles will keep boat centered over bunks. Very seldom is there more than three (3) feet of boat hanging beyond the stern lift pilings. You need to get the center boat balance as close as possible to center of lift (Bow to Stern). This will evenly distribute the load over the two (2) cradle beams. **The Bow and Stern Cable Tension will be equal with a balanced load.**

4. Lifting of the Boat Adjustment: Start lifting the boat, if the boat starts listing as you pick it up you will have to readjust the pickup bunks and lift the boat again. If the boat does not list, lift boat do a visual inspection of Hull and Bunk contact. The following are necessary for proper
HELPFUL NOTES:

1. We suggest to place a reference mark on a Guide Pole to indicate that the Lift Cradle is deep enough for the Boat Hull to clear the Cradle. This will assure clearance entering and leaving the Cradle as the tide changes.

2. Shallow Water Installations; Reference mark should be placed on a cable to indicate that the cradle has contacted bottom. Turning the lift off at this point will prevent the cable winds from being tangled.


4. Place A Rubber Mat Between Top of Piling And Aluminum To Prevent Electrolysis.

5. Installer is responsible for determining if piling are square and adequate to carry the lift and the lifts payload.
6. Warning: Any modification to lift voids Warranty of Quality Aluminum Boat Lifts, INC.

Any questions regarding the installation of your lift our technical experts are happy to assist you @ our email: Qualityboatlift@gmail.com Attention: Technical Support. To quicken the process please add the pictures of the part or lift area you have questions about send to our staff also.

Thank you,

Quality Aluminum Boat Lifts, INC